Annual Report 2019/20

Murrayville Local Management Plan (Groundwater)

July 2019 - June 2020

Executive summary

The Murrayville Groundwater Management Area (GMA) Local Management Plan (LMP) is the primary reference for groundwater management in the Murrayville GMA. In addition to outlining the management objectives and the groundwater resource, the Local Management Plan also documents the rules and key information relevant to groundwater management in the area, including;

- Annual allocations or restrictions
- Rules about issuing, renewing or transferring licensed groundwater volume
- Arrangements that allow carryover of unused groundwater
- Protection of domestic and stock supply

The Local Management Plan also outlines the program for the monitoring of groundwater levels and quality, the method for assessing rates of groundwater level drawdown, and for implementing restrictions, should they be necessary in future.

GWMWater presents the annual report for the Murrayville Groundwater Management Area Local Management Plan (LMP) for the 2019/20 season. This report provides an overview of groundwater use and management activities in the Murrayville Groundwater Management Area (GMA) during 2019/20.

Metered extraction in the Murrayville GMA was 5,285 ML for the 2019/20 season, or 54 per cent of licence entitlement. The volume extracted during 2019/20 is consistent with the average annual volume of extraction over the past 19 years. There were no instances of unauthorised take (overuse) or other non-compliances with the *Water Act 1989* in the Murrayville GMA during 2019/20.

The monitoring undertaken indicates that while there is clear seasonal drawdown fluctuation in groundwater levels, the overall trend is that groundwater levels are recovering steadily across much of the Murrayville GMA. Groundwater levels remain within the drawdown thresholds outlined in the Local Management Plan.

Groundwater monitoring, metering and compliance programs continue to be undertaken to support the objectives of the Local Management Plan.

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Electronic Document Reference: R2020-42862

Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This report provides an overview of groundwater management activities undertaken in the accordance with the Murrayville Groundwater Management Area Local Management Plan (LMP) for the 2019/20 season.

1.2 Groundwater Management Area

The Murrayville Groundwater Management Area (GMA) is located in the Wimmera-Mallee Groundwater Catchment in northwest Victoria and is part of the Murray Darling Basin. The GMA covers 1,916km^2 and is centred on the town of Murrayville and abuts the South Australian border. Groundwater from the Upper Mid-Tertiary Limestone Aquifer (Murray Group Limestone) is the sole source of water for domestic and stock, town supplies and irrigation in the area.

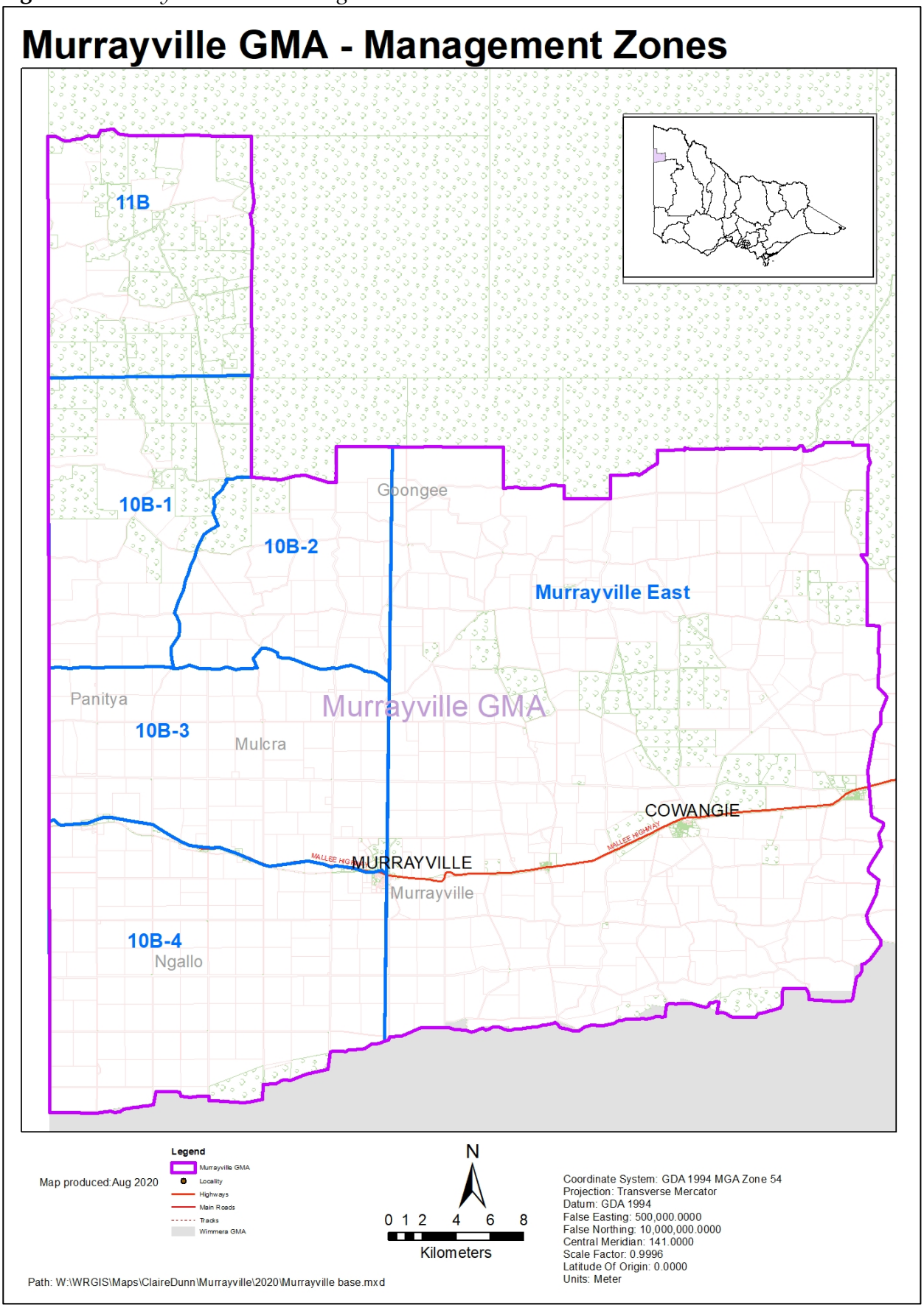
There are six management zones in the Murrayville GMA (Figure 1). Zones 10B-1, 10B-2, 10B-3 and 10B-4 of the Murrayville GMA combine to form Border Zone 10B; Zone 11B is within Border Zone 11B and Murrayville East zone is outside the Border Designated Area.

1.3 Local Management Plan

The Murrayville GMA Local Management Plan (LMP) describes the framework by which groundwater resources in the Murrayville GMA are managed. The LMP documents rules and information relating to the take and use of groundwater in the Murrayville GMA. The LMP can be accessed via the GWMWater website https://www.gwmwater.org.au/ .

The key objective of the Murrayville LMP is to ensure the equitable sharing of available water between licensed users, while protecting the environment and acknowledging its non-renewable nature, ensuring as much as practicable, the long-term sustainability of the water resource.

***Figure 1**: Murrayville GMA Management Zones*



2. Groundwater Management

2.1 Licence entitlement

The Permissible Consumptive Volume for the Murrayville GMA is 11,005 ML/year. The current total licence entitlement volume in the GMA is 9,754.8 ML. The licence information is summarised in Table 1.

The Permissible Annual Volume for Border Zone 10B is 6,720 ML, therefore the combined total volume licensed for zones 10B-1 to 10B-4 must not exceed this volume.

***Table 1**: Licence entitlement in the Murrayville GMA*

Zone	Number of Licences	Volume licensed ML	Zone limit ML
11B	3	1,600	1,720
10B-1	3	2,265	2,265
10B-2	2	1,120	1,370
10B-3	11	2,005	2,140
10B-4	6	1,327.8	2,830
Murrayville East	13	1,437	2,412
Total	**38**	**9,754.8**	

2.2 Groundwater use

Each irrigation bore and active commercial bore is fitted with a meter approved by the Authority (GWMWater) to measure extraction. Groundwater users are encouraged to actively monitor their extraction volume throughout the season. GWMWater uses metering data and extraction information for water resource management and licence compliance purposes. Annual extraction volumes are uploaded to the Victorian Water Register on 30 June each year.

In most cases, meters are read mid-way through the irrigation season (January) as well as at the end of the irrigation season. Licensees are provided with a mid-season water usage statement, which provides an opportunity for users to compare their records with data collected by GWMWater, and against their permitted volume of take.

To access additional water during the season, licensees must secure water from another licence holder by way of trade or transfer. Any such trade or transfer must be approved by GWMWater prior to the taking of additional water volumes.

Figure 2 illustrates the total extraction compared to previous years, while Table 2 provides a summary of extraction by zone for 2019/20.

In 2019/20, the total metered groundwater extraction in the Murrayville GMA was 5,285 ML, or 54 percent of licensed volume. As illustrated in Figure 2, the use this year is slightly (240 ML) above the annual average of 5,024 ML (calculated since 2001) and 1,000ML less than the previous year.

Figure 2 *Groundwater usage over time in the Murrayville GMA*

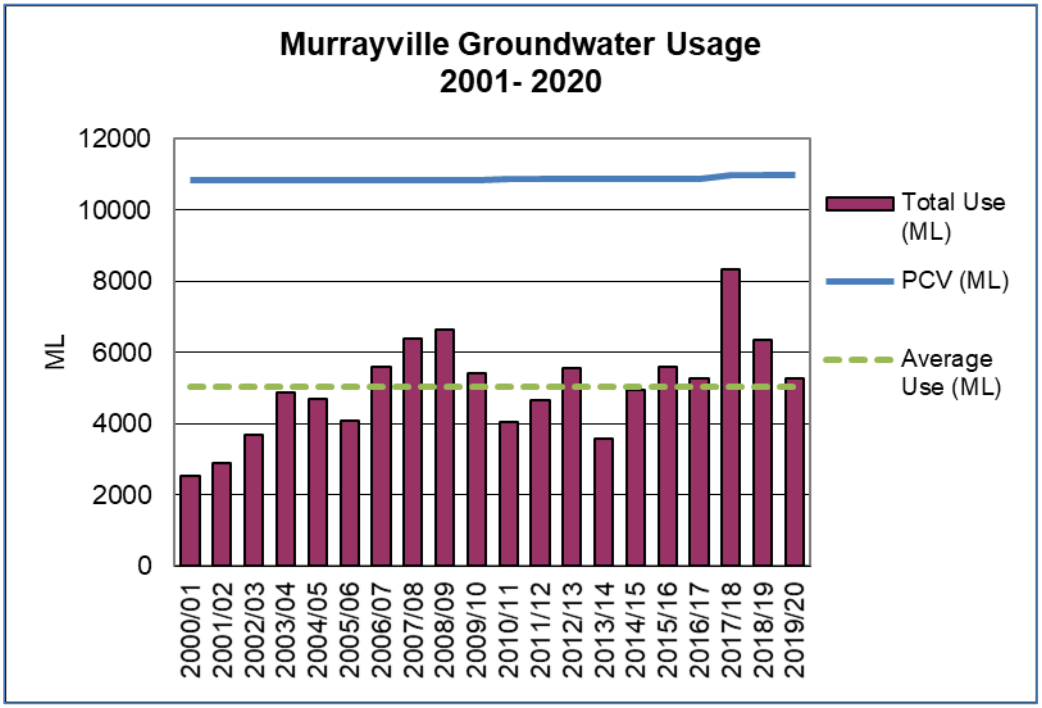


Table 2: *2019/20 Groundwater use by zone*

Zone	Use 2019/20 ML	Volume licensed (30 June 2020) ML	Zone limit ML
11B	874.3	1,600	1,720
10B-1	1,008.6	2,265	2,265
10B-2	1,129	1,120	1,370
10B-3	1,515.9	2,005	2,140
10B-4	511.5	1327.8	2,830
Murrayville East	246	1,437	2,412
Total	**5285.3**	**9,754.8**	

Figure 3 illustrates monthly rainfall recorded at Bureau of Meteorology site 76038 in Murrayville during the period July 2019 to June 2020. The recorded monthly rainfall as compared to average monthly rainfall provides an indication of the potential influence rainfall has had on groundwater extractions during the year. This is further illustrated by Figure 4, which compares annual extraction volumes and annual rainfall over the past 20 years.

Figure 3 *Actual (2019/20) and average monthly rainfall for Murrayville*

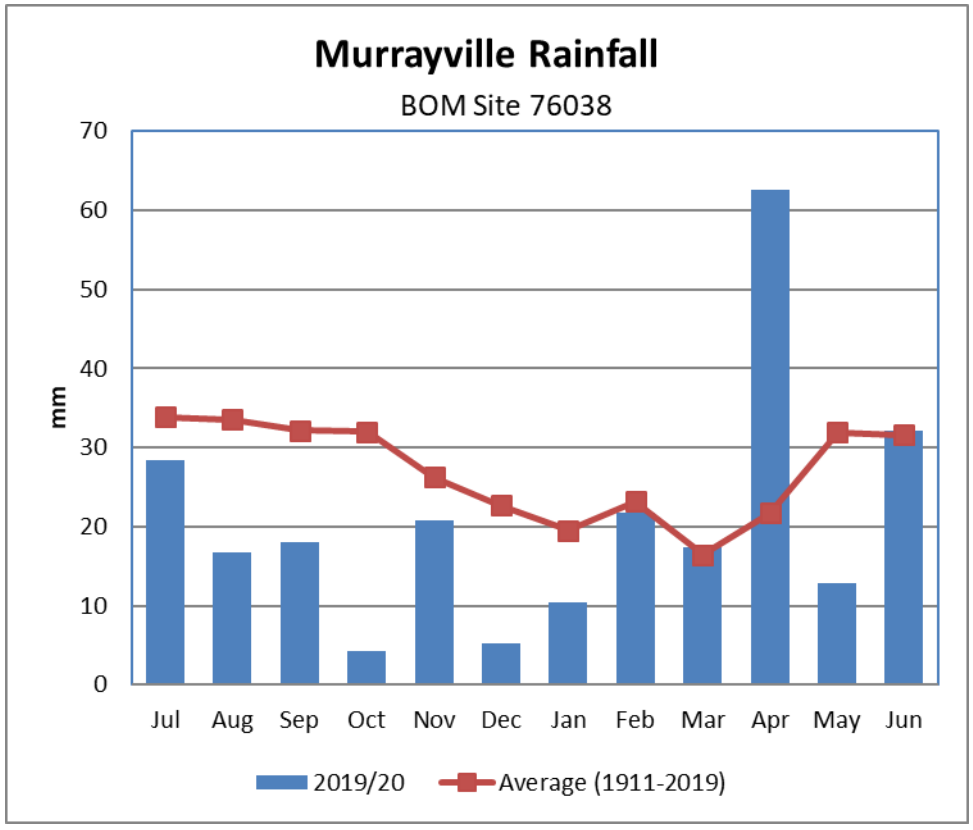
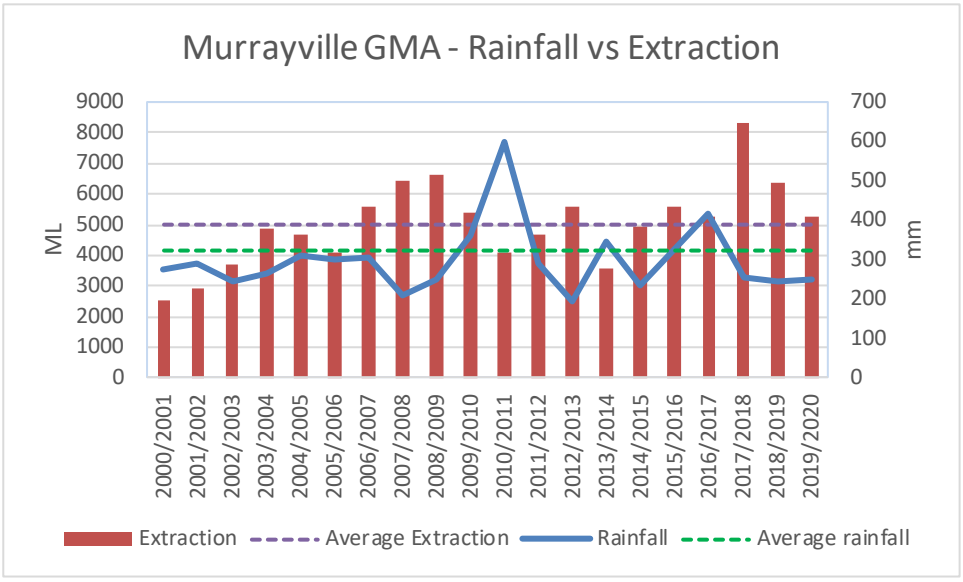


Figure 4 *Annual extraction compared with annual rainfall for Murrayville*



2.3 Accessing additional water – trade (temporary and permanent) and carryover

Licensees have the ability to apply for a transfer of entitlement (trade) from another licensee to secure additional water should they require it, either on a temporary or permanent basis. Approval of transfer applications is subject to assessment, trade rules and zone limits. Five temporary transfers (trades) of licence entitlement were processed during 2019/20. There was also one permanent transfer processed.

Carryover of unused water to the following season is permitted in the Murrayville GMA, up to a maximum of 30% of licensed entitlement. Carryover water is not transferrable to other licensees. A total of 1,865 ML of carryover water was available for use during 2019/20.

2.4 Compliance and Enforcement

In May 2020, the Victorian Government confirmed its commitment to a zero tolerance approach for unauthorised water take. Unauthorised take typically occurs when water users draw beyond what they have in their account – even if they have the intention of squaring it up later. A factsheet outlining water use compliance and enforcement was included with each licensee's end of season water use statement.

Meter reading and compliance checks are conducted by GWMWater throughout the year. Should a licence holder fail to comply with the licence conditions, GWMWater will investigate the matter, and take any necessary action, in line with our Compliance and Enforcement Strategy (available at www.gwmwater.org.au/ces).

There were no instances of unauthorised take (overuse) or other non-compliances with the *Water Act 1989* in the Murrayville GMA during 2019/20.

2.5 Domestic and stock bores

Landholders can apply for a licence to construct a domestic and stock bore via the Victorian Water Register (http://waterregister.vic.gov.au/).

There was one bore construction licence issued for the construction of a new domestic and stock bore in the Murrayville GMA in 2019/20.

2.5.1. Reimbursement for works to domestic and stock bores

The Murrayville Local Management Plan allows for landholders to apply to GWMWater for reimbursement for works required to domestic and stock bores, should they be affected by falling groundwater levels resulting from licensed groundwater extraction.

There were no instances of landholders seeking reimbursement for the lowering or deepening of domestic and stock pumps, mills or bores in 2019/20, which is consistent with the observed seasonal groundwater level drawdown remaining within the range previously experienced.

3. Monitoring Program

3.1 Groundwater quality monitoring

GWMWater undertakes water quality sampling of more than 40 domestic and stock bores located throughout the GMA. This sampling has been undertaken annually since 2008. A map illustrating the sampling data is illustrated in Appendix 1. Graphs of bores grouped by Parish are also illustrated. The salinity data is loaded into the Victorian Water Measurement Information System (WMIS) and is accessible to the public. There are also a number of observation bores that are sampled regularly for salinity, as part of the Victorian State Observation Bore Network; this data is also uploaded to WMIS.

Analysis of groundwater samples collected during 2019/20 showed no discernible increase in the salinity level of water in the bores tested (see Appendix 1).

3.2 Groundwater extraction monitoring

As discussed in Section 2.2, each commercial and irrigation bore is metered, and seasonal extraction volume is confirmed by GWMWater annually in June. The meters installed on behalf of GWMWater provide high accuracy measurement, and enable data files to be interrogated to identify any potential faults or discrepancies which may require further investigation.

In 2019/20 the total volume of water extracted by licensed users in the Murrayville GMA was 5,285 ML.

3.3 Groundwater level monitoring

Water level monitoring is undertaken by a contractor on behalf of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) and GWMWater. Data is transferred to the Victorian Water Measurement Information System (WMIS) which can be accessed at http://data.water.vic.gov.au/. Observation bores are monitored on a quarterly basis. There are also a number of bores which have data loggers installed and can record and transmit data daily.

A map illustrating the locations of currently monitored observation bores is provided in Appendix 2. This illustrates the geographic extent of monitoring in the GMA, with particular concentration in areas where extraction is more intense.

3.4 Impact of water extraction on observed groundwater levels

The location of selected observation bores in relation to the areas irrigated during the 2019/20 season are illustrated in Appendix 2. The groundwater levels as measured at selected bores within the observation bore network are also illustrated in Appendix 2.

The observed groundwater level response in terms of maximum drawdown and seasonal fluctuation generally corresponds to the volume of groundwater extraction in the zones of the GMA. The groundwater level represented in the hydrographs was similar to that observed in the previous 3-4 seasons, which reflects the annual volume extracted remaining relatively consistent for most zones. The exception was zone 10B-1 where the volume extracted was less than half of the average volume. This was not reflected in the groundwater level for this zone as it is also influenced by extraction in South Australia, close to the border. However, the seasonal fluctuation in groundwater level was similar to that previously observed.

3.5 Resource condition threshold

The Murrayville LMP outlines the means of assessing drawdown against the resource condition threshold (0.65m/year). The assessment examines the average annual change in groundwater level and applies a five year rolling average. The five year average avoids any overly reactive response due to seasonal factors, and averaging bores removes bias which may arise from using a single bore.

To comply with the resource condition threshold, the annual change in groundwater level should not show a decline of more than 0.65m/year for more than two consecutive years (based on the five year rolling average). The annual groundwater decline is determined from the level to which groundwater levels recover prior to the irrigation season (usually in September-October), and this is compared with the groundwater recovery level in the prior year. For this reason, the recovery level in response to extraction during the 2018/19 is used for the current assessment of resource condition, as data is not yet available for recovery levels following the 2019/20 season.

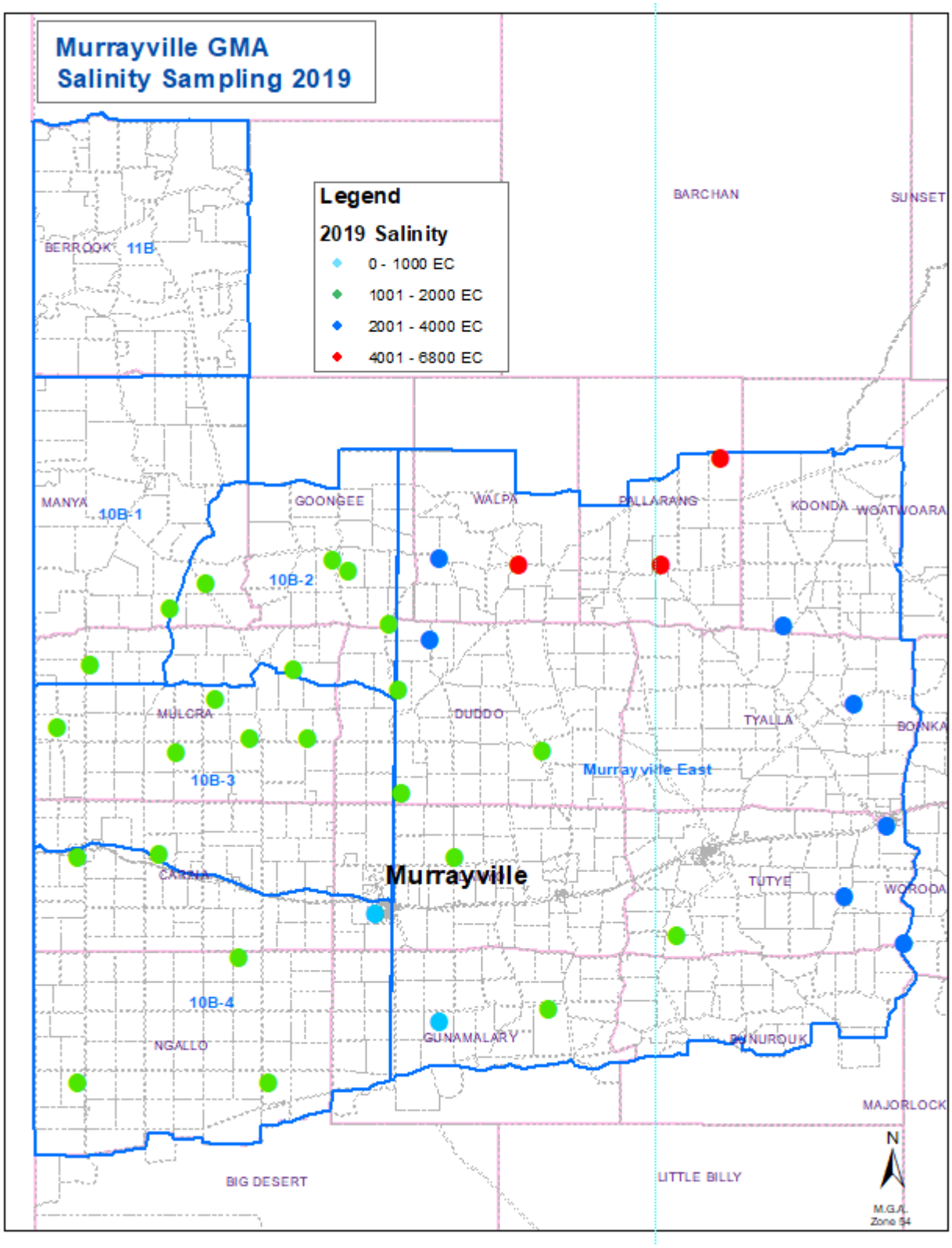
As illustrated by the *Average change in groundwater level* graphs in Appendix 3, the 0.65m threshold has not been approached in recent years in any of the assessment areas. The annual change graphs are indicating some recovery of groundwater levels, particularly in the north of the GMA (Zone 11B and Goongee).This could be a reflection of the aquifers response to relatively consistent extraction levels in these areas in the past few years.

Fluctuations in the Panitya North (Zone 10B-1) graph may be correlated to the annual extraction both sides of the South Australia-Victoria border varying from year to year, and the timing of the onset of the irrigation season not allowing groundwater levels to fully recover prior to the onset of extraction. Any decline noted remains well within the permitted drawdown limit. The annual change graphs indicate that groundwater levels are stable in the Border to Mulcra area (10B-3).

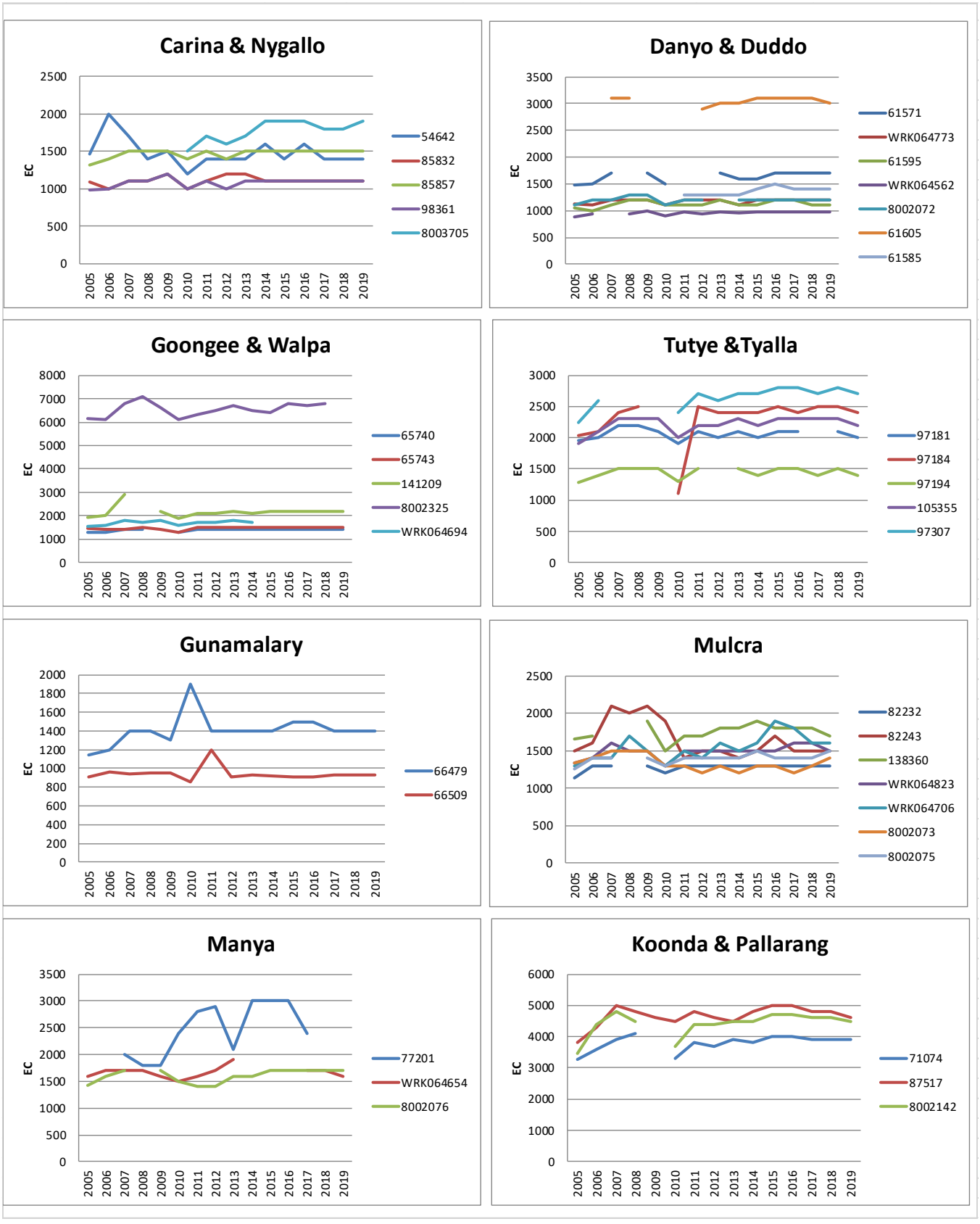
Consistent with the Murrayville LMP, groundwater level trends have been assessed against the resource condition threshold. As none of the assessment areas are approaching or have exceeded the threshold, there is no need for GWMWater to consider any form of seasonal restriction for 2020/21 or 2021/22.

Appendix 1 – Water Quality Monitoring

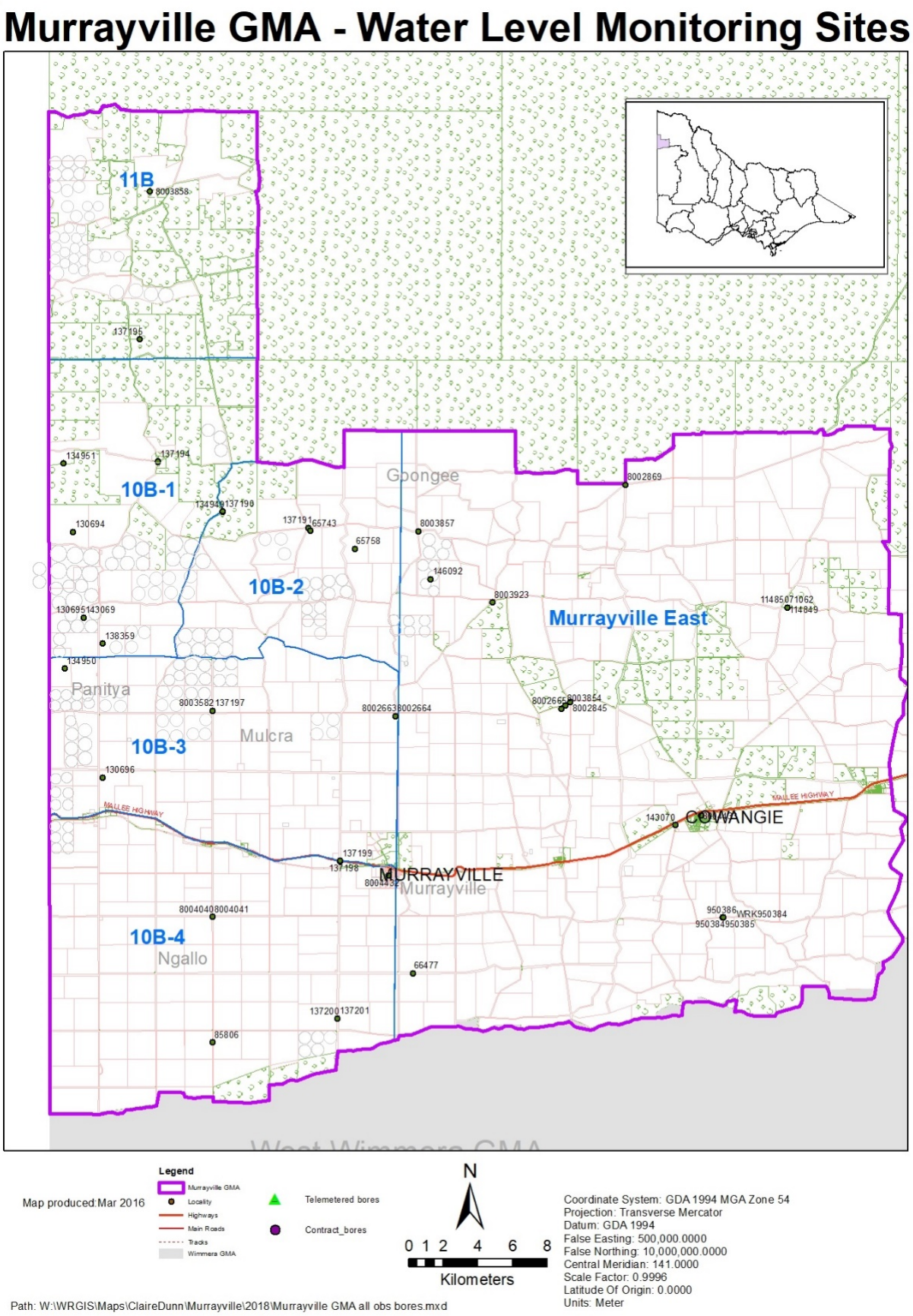
Annual water quality sampling of D&S bores - Spring 2019



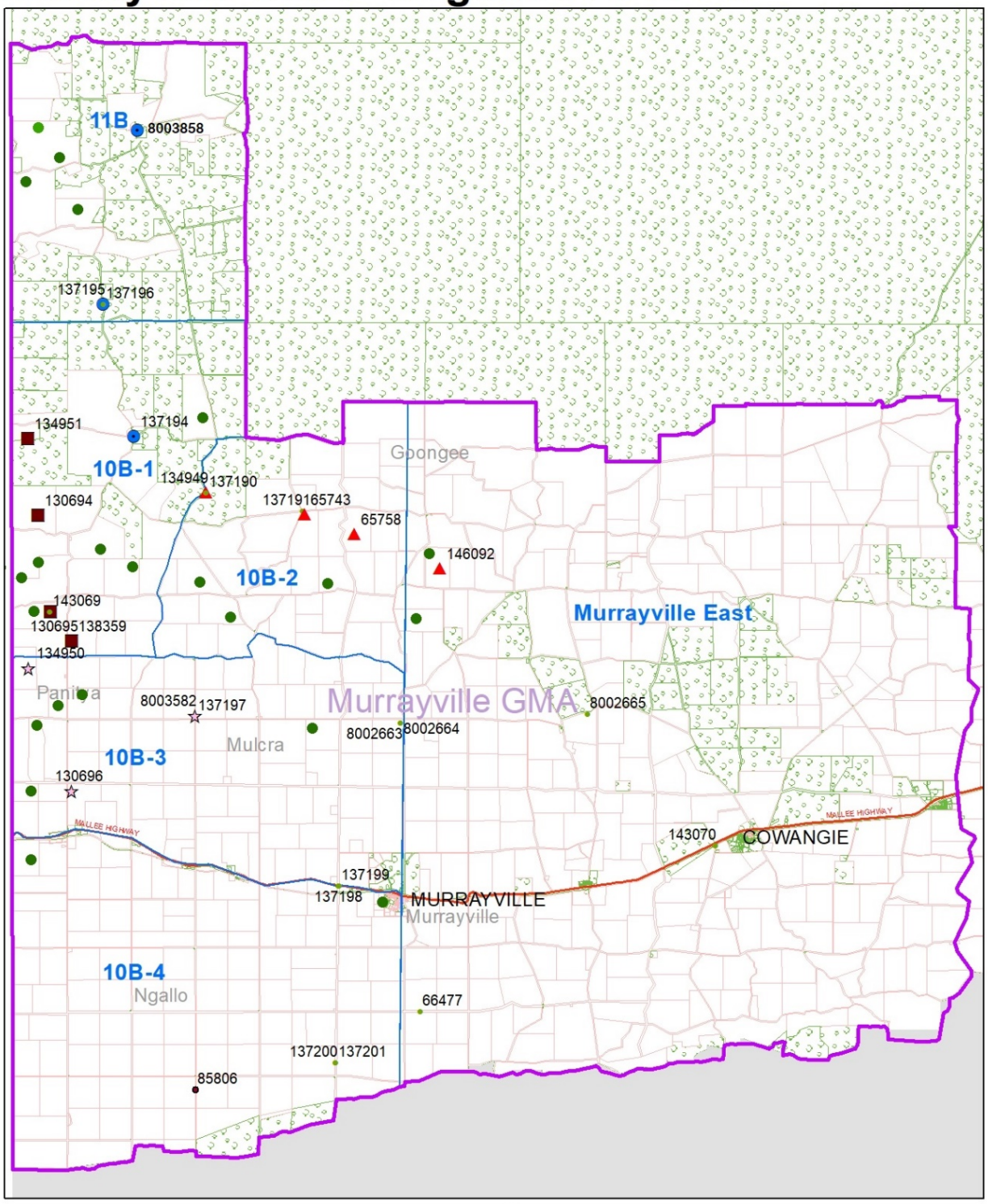
D&S annual sampling salinity data (graphed by parish)



Appendix 2 – Groundwater level monitoring network



Murrayville GMA - Irrigation 2019-20



Map produced:Aug 2020

Legend
- Murrayville GMA
- Locality
- Highways
- Main Roads
- Tracks
- Irrigation 2019/20

Observation bores
- Goongee
- Manya North
- Mulcra
- Panitya North
- Other

N

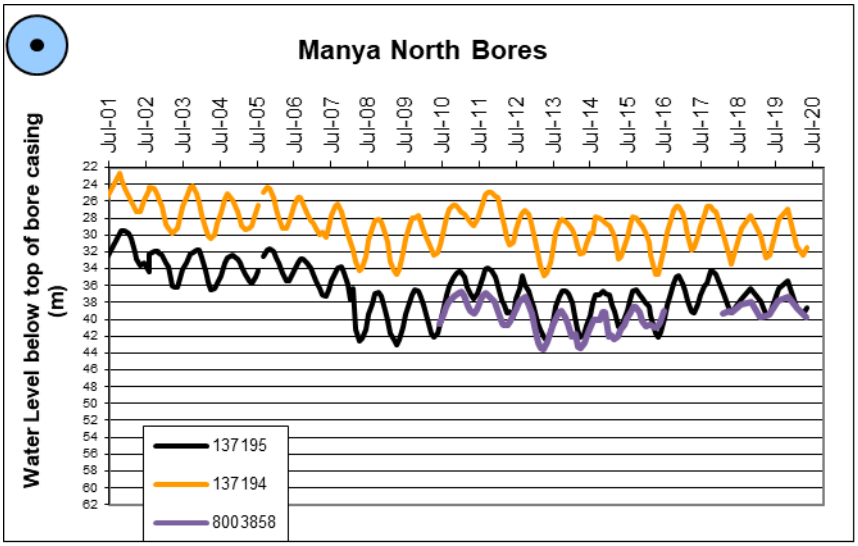
0 1 2 4 6 8
Kilometers

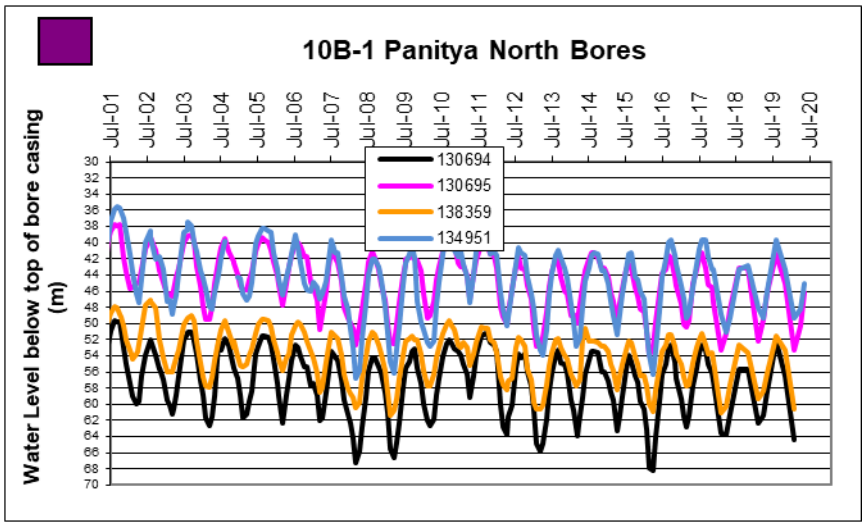
Coordinate System: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54
Projection: Transverse Mercator
Datum: GDA 1994
False Easting: 500,000.0000
False Northing: 10,000,000.0000
Central Meridian: 141.0000
Scale Factor: 0.9996
Latitude Of Origin: 0.0000
Units: Meter

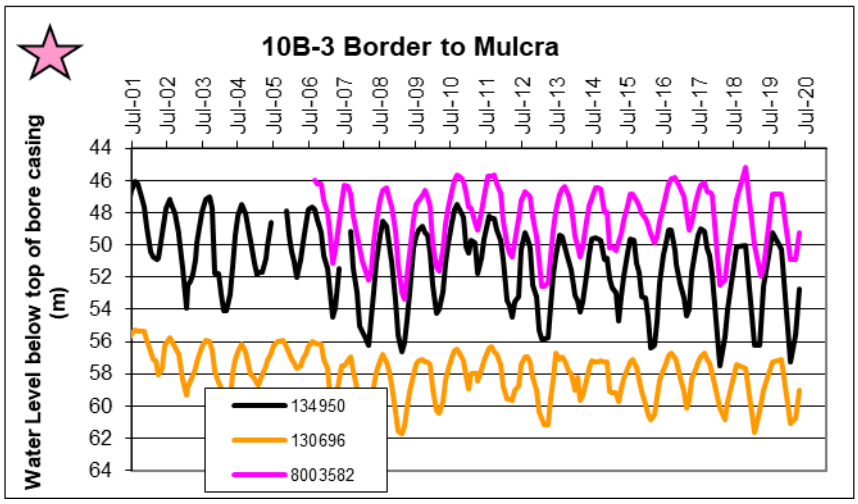
Path: W:\WRGIS\Maps\ClaireDunn\Murrayville\2020\Murrayville GMA obs bores & irrigation.mxd

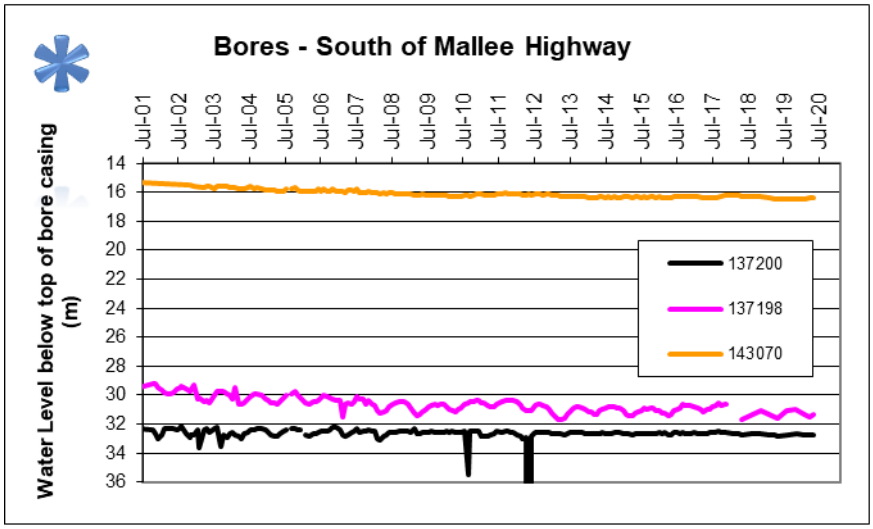
Groundwater levels as measured in selected observation bores.

- Measurements taken in August, November, February, April and May.








Bores - South of Mallee Highway
Water Level below top of bore casing (m)
Jul-01
Jul-02
Jul-03
Jul-04
Jul-05
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Jul-08
Jul-09
Jul-10
Jul-11
Jul-12
Jul-13
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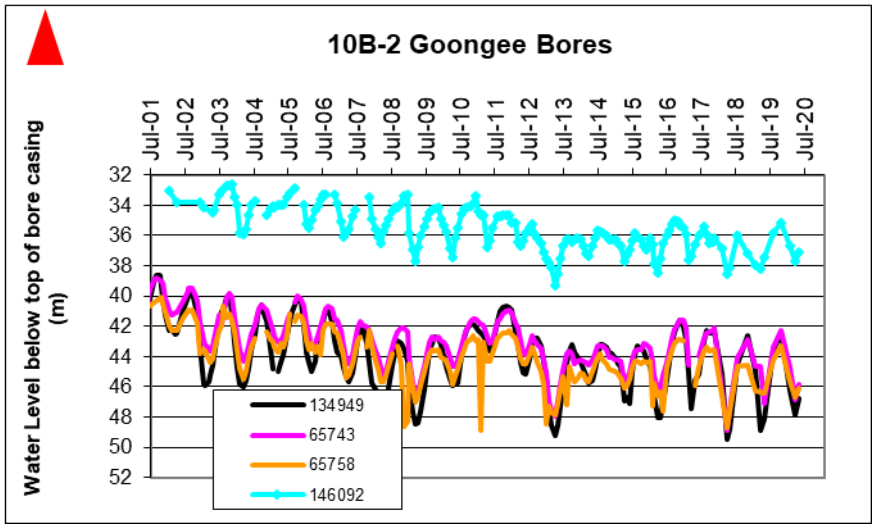
10B-2 Goongee Bores
Water Level below top of bore casing (m)
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146092

Appendix 3 – Resource Condition Threshold

The Local Management Plan (LMP) for the Murrayville GMA has an objective to manage the rate of decline in groundwater levels, allowing a maximum residual drawdown of 6.5 metres in the ten years to 2026.

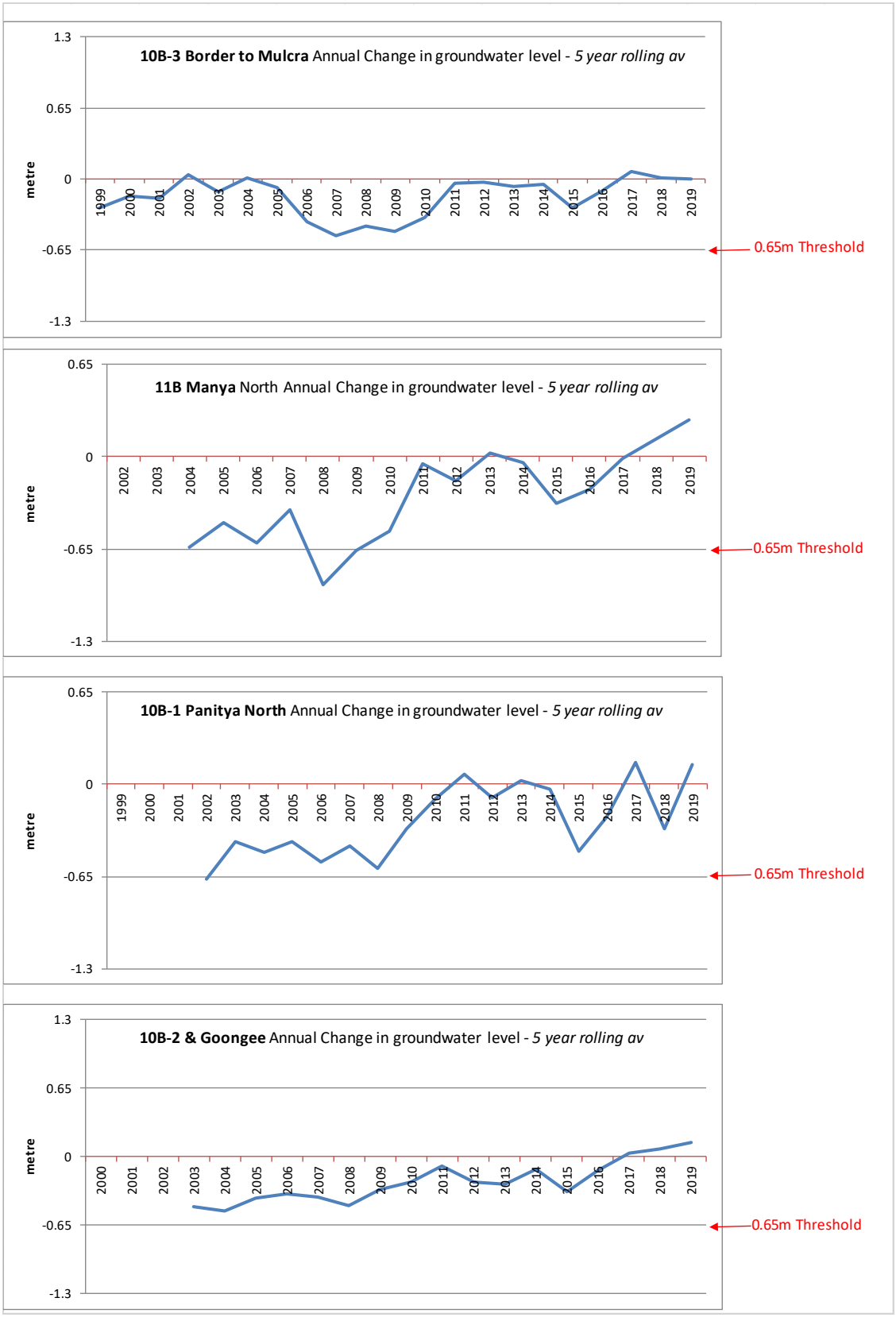
The Local Management Plan (LMP) for the Murrayville GMA includes a resource condition threshold which was developed as a means of interpreting changes in groundwater levels which may influence the ability to achieve the LMP's objective to manage the rate of decline in groundwater levels. The threshold is a warning trigger for management intervention such as restrictions. The annual change in water level graphs form the basis for assessment against the threshold.

The confined nature of the aquifer means that groundwater levels can exhibit large seasonal drawdown fluctuations in response to pumping. It is because of this factor that the change in groundwater levels each year are assessed at the 'recovery level', the groundwater level prior to the onset of the following irrigation season; usually in spring.

Interpreting the *Annual Change in Water Level* graphs

- Generally, those values above the 0 metre (red) line indicate groundwater levels are recovering.
- Values below the 0 metre line indicate groundwater levels are declining.
- The threshold line at -0.65 metres is a warning trigger, and sustained annual declines in excess of -0.65 metres per year may necessitate restrictions.
- Annual declines which are not more than -0.65m are within the acceptable drawdown threshold.

These Annual Change graphs are indicating some recovery of groundwater levels particularly in the north of the GMA (Zone 11B Manya North and 10B-2 Goongee). This could be a reflection of the aquifer response to relatively consistent extraction levels in these areas. Fluctuations in annual change in the Panitya North graph may be correlated to the annual extractions both sides of the South Australia-Victoria border varying from year to year. The timing of the commencement of irrigation in some years may also not allow groundwater levels to fully recover prior to onset of extraction.

Average change in groundwater level graphs.

The 0.65m threshold has not been reached in any of the resource condition assessment areas in recent years (based on the five year rolling average).